Add the following measurements. (2)

a. $(12.5 \pm 0.3) \text{ mL} + (71.8 \pm 0.5) \text{ mL} = \frac{(84.3 \pm 0.8) \text{ mL}}{(47.5 \pm 1.6) \text{ mL}}$ b. $(28.7 \pm 0.8) \text{ mL} + (18.8 \pm 0.8) \text{ mL} = \frac{(47.5 \pm 1.6) \text{ mL}}{(48 \pm 2) \text{ mL}}$

2. Subtract the following measurements. (2)

a. $(48.5 \pm 0.7) \text{ mL} - (28.8 \pm 0.5) \text{ mL} = \underbrace{(19.7 \pm 1.3) \text{ mL}}_{\text{1.3}} \rightarrow (20 \pm 1) \text{ mL}$ b. $(942.55 \pm 0.05) \text{ mL} - (208.57 \pm 0.08) \text{ mL} = \underbrace{(733.98 \pm 0.13) \text{ mL}}_{\text{2}} \rightarrow (734.0 \pm 0.1) \text{ mL}$

Show your work for questions 3, 4 & 5 by giving the formula used. Include units and absolute uncertainty.

3. Multiply (8:51 ± 0.05) mL x (38.82 ± 0.04) mL (3)

AR = 8.51 x 38.82 = 330,358

GAB = (GA + SB) AB $= \left(\frac{0.05}{8.51} + \frac{0.04}{32.82}\right) 330.358$ = 2.2814 5AB = 2 Final answer (330 ± 2) m L²

4. Divide (105.00 \pm 0.04)g \div (25.0 \pm 0.3) mL (3)

 $\frac{A}{B} = \frac{105.00}{25.0}$ = 4.20000

 $S\left(\frac{A}{R}\right) = \left(\frac{SA}{A} + \frac{SB}{B}\right)\left(\frac{A}{B}\right)$ =(0.04 + 0.3)(4.20000)= 0.0520000 Final answer $(4.20 \pm 0.05)9$

5. An irregular object that weighs (23.68±0.05)g is placed into a graduated cylinder that contains (50.0±0.5)mL of water. The water level rises to (73.6±0.5)mL. Find the density of the object. Include units and the absolute uncertainty of the final answer. Show all your work. (4)

DV = Vc - Vi

= (73.6 ±0.5)mL-(50.0±0.5)mL

= (23.6 ± 1.0) mL

P=m

= 23.689 Z3.6mL

SP= (Sm +SV)P $= \left(\frac{0.05}{23.68} + \frac{1.0}{73.6}\right) 1.00339$

= 0,044635

= 1,003399

= 0.04

Final answer (1.00 ± 0.04) 9/m